

THE CAUCASIAN.

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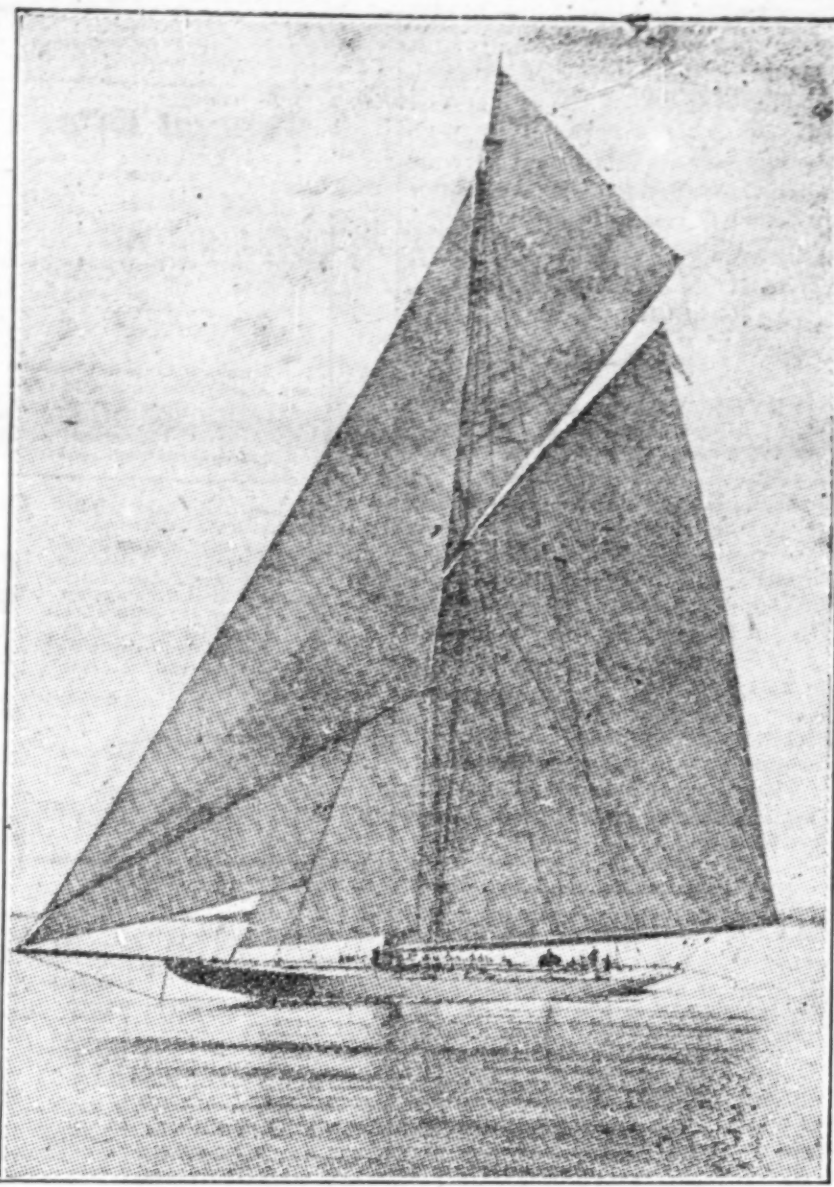
NO. 34.

THE RACE FOR AMERICA'S CUP. A SPLENDID RACE



AMERICA'S CUP.—The Blue Ribbon of the Sea, has inspired British yachtsmen to put forth their might since it was captured from them by the victorious American half a century ago. The attempts of Sir Thomas Lipton, Bart., to "lift the mug" are familiar to every American who takes an interest in sports, especially in yachting. It seems almost incredible that so much money, what would be more than an ample fortune even in these days of huge accumulations of wealth, should be spent with no other object than to secure a silver cup of little intrinsic value. A few figures concerning the cost of the pastime in which Sir Thomas is indulging so freely should be of interest to lovers of thorough sportsmanship.

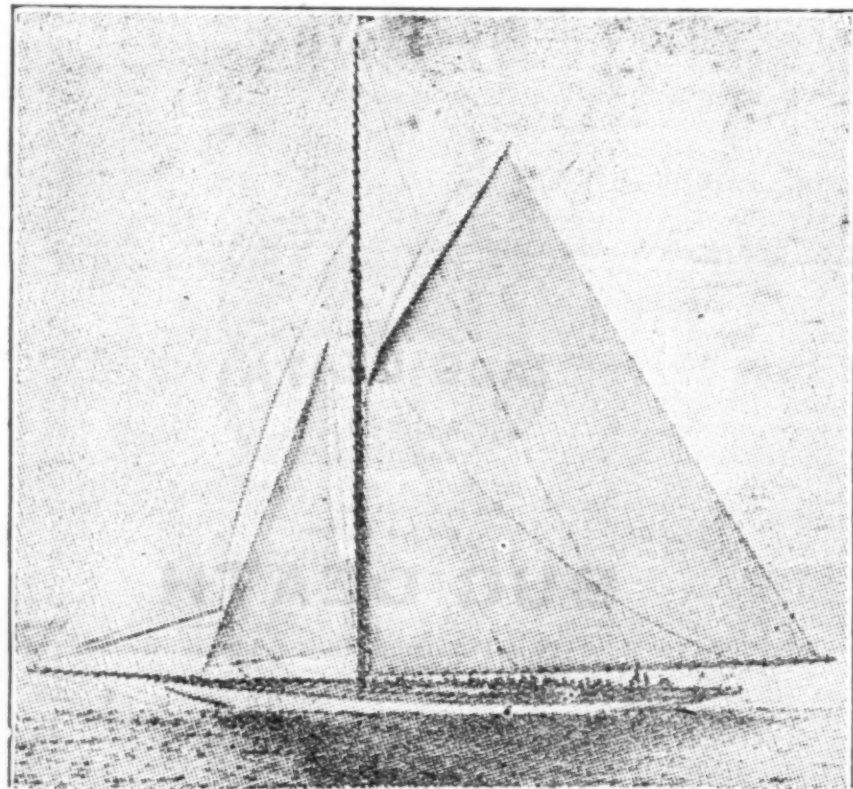
He estimated the expense of his effort to get the cup in 1890 at \$500,000. That, however, included \$400,000 which he paid to Count Florio, of Italy, for the fine yacht "M. Fife," which the Count called the Aegusa, and which is now known as the Erin. This would leave his actual racing expenses in 1890 at \$100,000. It is probable that the cost of the second race to him was a little over that figure, but still within \$500,000. In other words, including the sum of \$500,000 or thereabouts for the purchase and refitting of the Erin, the total cost to the challenger in the last two series of races was somewhere in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000. But the cost of the Erin is not, of course, a legitimate factor in the estimate of the actual racing expenses. Probably these last for both series were \$850,000. Leaving the yacht proper and coming to the collateral expenses, there is



RELANCE, THE AMERICAN DEFENDER.

crossed the Atlantic, would not have excited comment, but occurring as it did just before the cup races, it was a tacit admission on the part of her owner and designer that the yacht was not fast enough.

While the contest decides the question of superiority as racing machines between the Reliance and Shamrock III, there has long been a growing



SHAMROCK III, THE CHALLENGER FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP.

as the largest item the cost of running the steam yacht Erin, for, say, the two months she actually is in service in connection with the race. This was estimated by a man familiar with the subject at \$30,000 a month—\$60,000 in all.

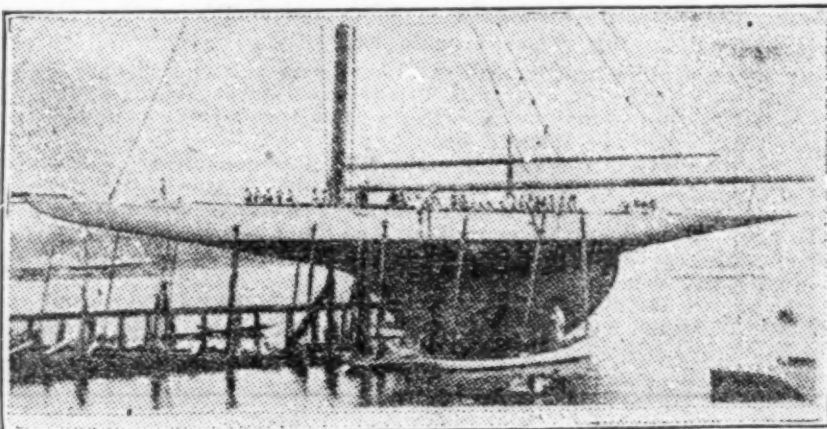
While Sir Thomas Lipton repeatedly expressed his confidence in Shamrock III's ability to win back the America's Cup, it appeared that his confidence was not shared by those who were actively concerned in the management of the Shamrocks. That Designer Fife, who had a reputation at stake, and who knew the challenger as a father knows his child, had grave doubts as to Shamrock III's ability to cope with Reliance was evidenced by the fact that under his orders the bowsprit of the challenger was lengthened three feet.

So radical a change in the rig of the yacht was important, not so much because it increased the area of the head sails and changed the trim of the yacht, but chiefly because, on account of having been effected on the very eve of the cup races, it indicated that the owner and designer of the yacht were not satisfied with the trim of the

opinion among yachting experts that a convincing test of the relative merits of opposite theories of yacht design, especially of boats which



NAT'L HERRESHOFF, C. O. ISELIN AND CAPTAIN BARR. (Respectively Designer, Managing Owner and Skipper of Reliance.)



THE UNDERBODY OF THE RELIANCE.

challenger and wanted to make last-minute improvements on the sail plan as originally designed. Such a change, if it had been made before the yacht

shall be useful for cruising purposes after racing contests, is as far off as ever.

But the New York Sun voices the

Reliance Beat Shamrock Badly in the Saturday Event

VICTORY WAS OVERWHELMING.

Conditions Were Favorable For Fine Racing and the American Yacht Showed High Qualities.

New York, Special.—The International yacht races have occupied a great deal of public attention. The first day's work, on Thursday was a complete failure, owing to the dense fog and a lack of breeze. However the American craft showed its ability to distance the challenger.

The conditions on Saturday were highly favorable for fine work and the racing is thus given by the Associate Press correspondent:

In a splendid 12 to 15 knot breeze, over a windward and leeward course of 30 miles, the gallant sloop Reliance Saturday beat Shamrock III in commanding style, in exacting nine minutes, actual time, or seven minutes and three seconds after deducting the one minute and fifty-five seconds which the defender concedes to Sir Thomas Lipton's third challenger, on account of the sailing plan of the measure.

The nautical sharp, who had already made up their minds on Thursday that the Reliance could take the measure of the challenger in any kind of weather, regard the day's test as conclusive, although they hardly anticipated so overwhelming a victory. The race even dampened the ardor of Sir Thomas, who insisted, after Thursday's fluke, that his confidence in the beautiful craft designed by Fife was greater than ever. Still, like a true sportsman, he does not acknowledge defeat, and hopes for better luck next time. The signal criticism he and his friends make of Saturday's race is that the only shift of the wind which occurred was to the advantage of the defending yacht. As this shift of the wind occurred on the windward beat, even granting that it accounted for Reliance's lead at the turn, the time the Defender made on the run home was more than ample to have given her the race. It must be conceded, however, that the Shamrock showed herself a wonderful boat in beating to windward, perhaps the ablest craft in this respect that was ever sent across the Western ocean on a cup-hunting expedition. For 12 miles the single-stickers raced like a team of horses, and during that portion of the duel the patriots made no attempt to conceal their nervousness.

The racing conditions were ideal. A thin haze hung over the Jersey shore, obscuring the view of the spectators gathered there, but out on the ocean race-course the sea was flooded with sunshine from a vault of fleckless blue. A long ocean swell heaved up from the south, and a 12-knot breeze, fresh and strengthening, blew out of the southwest, throwing up fleeting white caps on the sparkling bosom of the ocean. The marine picture was superb.

As the direction of the wind would have carried a windward course from Sandy Hook lights into the Jersey shore, the committee was obliged to set the mark seven miles further out. This delayed the start about three-quarters of an hour, and prevented the massing of the excursion fleet, as usual, in the form of a great marine amphitheatre back of the starting line. Instead of being kept back by the revenue cutters, they formed a column of hulls and stacks, extending three miles toward the Jersey shore; the yachts around the line completing the shape of a fish hook. The course, southwest, carried the yachts directly into the eye of the wind, to a point off Asbury Park.

Fife, man to finish the defender had the best of the situation and the close was marked by much enthusiasm on the part of the immense throng of spectators.

Funeral Directors.

Indianapolis, Ind., Special.—The National Association of Funeral Directors elected the following officers: President, Col. J. M. Connelly, of Charleston, S. C.; first vice president, L. M. Penwell, of Topeka, Kan.; secretary, H. M. Kilpatrick, of Elmwood, Ill.; treasurer, C. A. Miller, of Cincinnati, O.; re-elected, St. Louis was chosen as the next meeting place.

Humberts Convicted.

Paris, By Cable.—All the members of the Humbert family were found guilty. The foreman of the jury announced that the verdict was affirmative concerning the questions of falsification and swindling, and negative upon the subsidiary questions. The verdict considers extenuating circumstances. Madame Humbert and her husband each to five years' imprisonment and a fine of 100 francs. Emile D'Aurignac was sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Romain D'Aurignac was sentenced to the same term. Madame Humbert and M. Humbert will undergo solitary confinement during their term of imprisonment.

Anniversary of State of Franklin.

Knoxville, Special.—The 119th anniversary of the organization of the State of Franklin was celebrated at Jonesboro Saturday. The attendance from the seven counties of Tennessee and North Carolina, forming the State, was large. Speakers of note were present from all over the country. This is the first public observance of the kind.

JUDGE GRAY'S AWARD

Settlement of the Mining Trouble in the Birmingham District.

Birmingham, Special.—The board of arbitration appointed to adjust matters in controversy between coal operators and miners in the Birmingham district, made its award through its chairman, Judge Gray, of Delaware, at a late hour. After reciting the claims made by the miners and the operators, respectively, the report, about 1,400 words in length, makes the following awards:

Minimum and maximum rate of the sliding scale; the rates per ton for mining coal on the Pratt basis vary according to the selling price of pig iron, 47 1-2 cents when pig iron is selling at \$8 per ton, to 57 1-2 cents when iron is selling at \$11.50 per ton. The same proportionate increase is to be given on day wages for work in and about the mines, but no increase is given by this award for narrow work.

A semi-monthly payment of wages: From and after October 1, the earnings of day men shall be paid semi-monthly and such commissary checks or credits as the operators may issue to their employees shall not be transferable, but shall be redeemable in goods at the respective commissaries upon which they are drawn only when presented by the employees to whom they have been issued or by some member of their families.

Rates for narrow work: The total of the maximum price—on the Pratt basis—to be paid for work in headings, exclusive of air courses, shall be \$2.71 per yard in lieu of \$2.84 per yard, the present rate; rates for work in air courses to remain on the present basis.

On the subject of differential between machine and pick mining, the board makes no conclusion, as insufficient data have been presented on which to form an intelligent award. The board suggests that a committee from both sides be appointed to make experiments and fix a differential. Minimum days of labor: The award on this subject provides for a system of fines to be imposed for absence from work, except for sickness, or after notifying and obtaining the consent of the mine foreman. An alteration of mining is a suspension for work for a fixed number of days.

Men who do not work 20 days in any one month when the mine is in operation 20 days or more shall be fined \$1 or suspended the first six days in the following month, or be assigned to another working place. The fines imposed shall be collected through the company's officers and be paid to the secretary-treasurer of district 20 (Alabama) of the United Mine Workers of America, on or before the 10th day of each month. It shall be optional with the operator to impose fines or suspend mine workers, or assign new places, in cases provided for above.

Differential between Pratt and other mines: The differential in the rate for mining coal at the Jefferson mine and the Kimberly mine of the Central Coal Company shall be reduced two and one-half cents per ton, the yardage at the above mines to remain as at present.

Employment of boys under 14 years of age: A submission having been made by representatives of both sides to this controversy of the question of the age at which boys may be employed, it is hereby awarded that on and after September 1, 1903, no boys under the age of 14 years shall be employed or permitted in the mines by any of the mine operators who are parties to this arbitration.

Shot to Death.

Henderson, Tex., Special.—Jot Sanders, a negro accused of having attempted criminal assault on a young girl Saturday night, was shot to death Sunday by a posse of citizens which went to arrest him. Sanders was standing in his door when the men approached, holding a shot-gun. He was struck by four loads of buckshot.

Fatally Wounded.

Roanoke, Va., Special.—John Hall was shot and fatally wounded by A. E. Hodges at the latter's home, near Gainsville, Franklin county Sunday night, and died early Sunday morning. The men quarrelled and Hall was ordered to go away. He turned to re-enter the house when Hodges fired on him with a shot-gun, the charge taking effect in the breast. Hodges is in jail at Rocky Mount.

Wants Sunday Laws Enforced.

Pensacola, Fla., Special.—The Sunday league sent letters to the sheriff and mayor demanding a rigid enforcement of the Sabbath observance laws, which have become gradually relaxed since their temporary enforcement a few months ago. The mayor replied that the laws were State statutes and that he had no authority for their enforcement. The sheriff refused to do anything in the matter unless those who called for the enforcement of the laws would swear out warrants for the arrest of the offenders.

Work of Robbers.

Norfolk, Va., Special.—Five men bound and gagged the night watchman at the Port Norfolk power house at 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning, and were about to rob the officer when William Hopkins, a negro fireman, discovered the watchman's plight and gave an alarm. The robbers shot the negro twice and fled. Hopkins may die. The robbers have not been captured.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

Condition of Cotton.

The great maturing cotton crop is probably more generally late than has been any crop for many years. It, therefore, is an interesting problem as to what extent and how late we may count on the "squares" or "forms" now assuming shape and yet to appear. It has always been a debatable question how late in the fall blooms may be counted on to produce well-matured open bolls. Of course, it depends finally on the date of the first killing frost—a cold sufficiently severe to freeze the untimely and immature bolls; and to some extent on the character of the weather immediately following. Every farmer is supposed to know about what time such killing weather usually occurs. It varies considerably, some years occurring a month, or even six weeks later than in others. I remember the abnormal season of 1849. There were only a few moderate freezes between January 1 and March 1. The farmers planted their crops of corn and cotton some weeks in advance of the usual time. But on April 15 a severe freeze including sleet and snow in some sections of Georgia, destroyed every stalk of cotton and corn and ruined the wheat and oat crops.

However, the crops were again planted, the seasons following, throughout the summer and fall were all that heart could desire, and the "killing frost" did not occur where I was until late in December. Indeed, I remember seeing cotton blooms on the living plants on December 25! The result was very fine yields of both corn and cotton. Within the last thirty-five or forty years I recall but three or four years in which the traditional "top crop" amounted to anything, although its promise was often used by the "bears" to pull down the market prices.

From Bulletin 33, issued from the office of Experiment station in 1898, I gather the following results of some painstaking experiments, or rather observations, made in South Carolina, near Augusta, Ga.

"Plants coming up in May showed the first 'squares' (forms) in from twenty-five to thirty-nine days, the average being twenty-nine days from the time of their appearance above the surface.

"Forms" appearing in May bloomed in twenty-one to thirty-two days, averaging twenty-five days; forms appearing in June bloomed in twenty-seven days, averaging twenty-seven days; forms appearing in July bloomed in twenty to twenty-six days, averaging twenty-four days; forms appearing in August bloomed in twenty-one to twenty-seven days, averaging twenty-five days.

"Blooms appearing in June made open bolls in from forty-five to fifty-five days, averaging fifty-two days; blooms appearing in July made open bolls in from sixty-four to seventy-one days, averaging sixty-five days; and blooms appearing in August made open bolls in from forty-six to forty-eight days, averaging fifty-two days.

"Forms appearing May 24 made open bolls August 9; forms on July 24 made open bolls October 8, and forms on August 24 made open bolls November 9."

The reported results conclude as follows:

"As killing frost occurs about November 17, it would seem that the latest blooms that can be counted on would be about September 1."

It does not appear, however, that the concluding observation is quite justified by the previously stated observed results. I assume that a boll must become an "open boll" before a killing frost occurs. This is not necessarily true, and as a matter of fact is not usually true. In other words, a full-grown, well-matured boll will usually seriously injured by a frost that kills the entire foliage of the plants and all immature bolls. Very many, if not all, of such bolls will open good "white cotton" after the frost, especially if the weather be open and sunny for a week or ten days. My observations lead me to say that (in latitude 33 degrees and thereabout) the first killing frost occurs at from November 1 to November 10, and that blooms occurring from September 1 to 10 may usually be considered as safe to mature good bolls of white cotton, although these bolls may not open until the first killing frost.—Atlanta Constitution.

Textile Notes.

Southern Manufacturing Co., Athens, Ga., will build cotton mill to have 4000 spindles.

Robert Manufacturing Co., Rockingham, N. C., will add 300 looms. It now has 13,000 spindles and 600 looms.

Great Falls Manufacturing Co., Rockingham, N. C., will add 100 looms. Its present equipment is 4512 ring spindles and 147 broad looms.

N. B. Mills, Statesville, N. C., is endeavoring to organize \$100,000 company to build cotton mill.

Dickson Cotton Mill, Laurinburg, N. C., will install 1200 additional spindles. Contract for this machinery has been awarded. Company at present has 6,300 spindles.

It is reported that the Merrimack Manufacturing Co., Huntsville, Ala., will, upon completion of 63,000-spindle mill No. 2, lately contracted for, build an addition to mill No. 1 to accommodate 30,000 spindles.

Messrs. Leslie P. Montgomery, Thomas Conyngham and Clarence P. Moser have incorporated the Southern Textile Co. of Mississippi at Vicksburg, Miss., for textile-manufacturing purposes. Their capital is \$10,000.

J. J. Mather, Cleveland, Tenn., contemplates establishing knitting mill. He proposes manufacturing heavy black-ribbed half-hose, with double foot. Mr. Mather solicits correspondence from makers of knitting machinery, power plants (steam and electrical), dyeing equipment, etc.

It is proposed to organize company for the erection of a cotton mill at Moundville, Ala., and R. L. Griffin is interested. Endeavors are being made to interest outside capital in the enterprises. Correspondence is invited.

NORTH STATE MATTERS

Newsy Items Gleaned From Murphy to Hatter.

Lynching at Halifax.

Halifax, N. C., Special.—Thursday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock the dead body of Mary Jenkins, 13 years old, was found in the stable of Captain Griffin, her grandfather. Her throat was cut from ear to ear and the body was tied up in a bag. The girl's grandmother had been looking for her and on going to the stable found it locked. She put Mary's little sister through an opening in the door and the girl stumbled over the body in the bag. A negro who employed at the hotel and also by Captain Griffin, is suspected of the crime. When searched, he was found to have the keys of the stable in his pocket, a bloody knife and blood on his hands and his clothes. He was put under guard of a large number of citizens, as well as deputies and constables, awaiting the arrival of bloodhounds from Weldon, to be used to track him from the stable. The whole town was thoroughly aroused, and a crowd of men have come in from Weldon armed with rifles. A crowd gathered, and, securing the negro, hanged him to a tree and riddled his body with bullets. The negro, after the noose had been placed around his neck, confessed to the murder of the child, and to having assaulted her. The crowd made no attempt at concealment and dispersed without any further disorder.

North State News.

Postmaster Rollins, of Asheville, says that the mountains are filled with people from the South, who are there to spend the hot season. Not only is this fact indicated by the amount of mail handled, said Maj. Rollins, but it is confirmed by the agents of the Postoffice Department. Free delivery inspectors at Asheville, who have visited not only most of the towns in the western part of the State, but many of the rural districts as well, says that even the farm houses in some localities are filled to the doors with visitors. He says he saw one house in the Mills River section where there were about 40 people, and it did not look as though the house had been built to accommodate more than half this number.

A postoffice inspector has been ordered to Rocky Mount to make an official investigation of the employment of four members of Postmaster Robbins' family in the local office there. While it has been decided that only two members of the Robbins family can continue in subordinate positions in the office, an official action will be taken until the report of the inspector is forthcoming. First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne has been handling the Robbins case. Postmaster General Payne himself is interested in the family arrangements at that place, and no action will be taken without consultation with him.

Elder Monday, Thomas Persons and two women—once known as St. Anna and the other as Holy Angel, had the spirit move them to trouble in Southern Pines Sunday afternoon. They began preaching loudly, and Marshall Dilley, with the assistance of an extra policeman, Ruff Chatterfield, interfered, and as a result Elder Monday and Holy Angel spent the night in the lock-up. They were taken before Mayor Ferguson next morning and released with the costs—\$1.95 each—with a promise to keep quiet from then on. They call themselves Seventh Day Adventists.

Wallace Davis, who admits that he was once a pal of Will Harris, the Mecklenburg desperado, was in the police court in Charlotte Wednesday morning charged with carrying concealed weapons. When Sergeant Farington arrested Davis, he had the gun up his sleeve with the point of the barrel in his hand. The officer thought Davis was making ready to fire so he called to him to put down his weapon or he would club him. This brought Davis to his senses and he handed over the gun to the officer who escorted the negro to the lock-up.

A somewhat singular case of insanity has arisen at Marshall, where Judge Jones is holding court. A prisoner contracted a contagious disease and as a consequence the jail has been quarantined. It will be necessary to adjourn court in a day or so, as only the bond cases can be reached. Among the important cases that must go over are two in which the defendants are charged with murder, for, in the language of a court officer, it is impossible to mete out justice to men who are shielded by quarantine regulations.

The fact became known in Asheville Tuesday that Otis M. Cox of that city went to Knoxville, Tenn., Monday night to be married to Miss Gertrude Jones, a trained nurse of Asheville. Miss Jones and her mother went to Knoxville on the same train. Mr. Cox's marriage has caused a great deal of comment. He is the eldest son of the late Col. Frank Cox, and was several years ago divorced from his wife, who was Miss Mary Connolly.

Charles Shuford, of Gaston county, who killed Mr. Alex. Auten, of Mecklenburg county, on the 9th inst., has been arrested at Jellico, Tenn., and will be brought to Charlotte for trial.

A new lodge of Odd Fellows is applied for at Burnsville, Yancey county.

The county commissioners of Mecklenburg have at last settled the vexed problem of selecting a new site for the county home by deciding to purchase the McGinnis farm, comprising 500 acres, and situated on the Salisbury road, eight miles from Charlotte. The price to be paid for the property is \$7,500. On the farm is a good residence, stable, barn and other buildings. The residence will be occupied by the superintendent of the county home and two additional buildings will be erected for the inmates.

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 27, 1903.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Gustav Shaffer Used A Razor to Even Up.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Gustav Shaffer, an employee of the government printing office, murdered his divorced wife in a sensational manner tonight at Massachusetts avenue and Fourth street. She was on her way to her father's home when shaffer sprang from behind a tree and slashed at her throat with a razor. "This evened it up," he exclaimed, as the woman fell at his feet. The jugular vein was severed and she bled to death in a few minutes.

Three years ago Shaffer sued his wife for a divorce, but it was not granted. A year later Mrs. Shaffer obtained a divorce on the ground of infidelity and cruelty. One of the children was given to the father and the other to the mother. Shaffer made no resistance to arrest. He confessed his crime.

As To Church Music. Eastern (Greenville) Reflector.]

Last Sunday there was a special service at a country church near Raleigh. An orchestra from the city went out to furnish music for the occasion, but when they arrived their instruments had to be left outside the church. One deacon strenuously objected, saying "the devil had a mortgage on the fiddle and the horn, and they should not be carried in that church." And the deacon had his way. We believe that deacon was wrong, too. Why anyone should think the devil has the ownership of sweet toned musical instruments we can't see. Let them be used in praising the Lord. Too many people want to give the devil the best of everything.

Want-d to Know if he Could go to Heaven by Raleigh. Hamlet Outlook.]

Just to let you readers know how great a place some people think Raleigh is, one of the young Outlookers was told the other day to be good so he could go to Heaven when he died. In all seriousness the little fellow wanted to know if he could go by Raleigh?

Bill Arp Grows Weaker. Cartersville, Ga., Aug. 22.—The condition of Major Charles H. Smith remains about the same as before, the operation of yesterday's expecting that he is weaker. His physicians hold out no hope.

Supposed Murderer of Rivenbark in Wayne Jail.

Kenansville, N. C., Aug. 22.—Dan Teachey, charged by the coroner's jury with the murder of Rob Rivenbark, near Wallace, this county, on the 7th day of last March, and who escaped jail at this place on the 14th of April, surrendered to Sheriff Middleton yesterday at his father's home near Teachey, and was brought here and placed in jail. The superior court for his county, at which Teachey will be tried, will convene on the 31st of this month.

Two Durham Negroes Caught After Working Several Stores.

Durham, N. C., Aug. 25.—Shoplifting is something new in Durham, yet Durham is putting on many city airs of late. This morning the police officers scooped in a negro man and a negro woman who made the rounds of a number of stores and had stolen goods at every place. They are Jim Jackson and Charlotte Williams.

Shot At A Dance. Rocky Mount, N. C., Aug. 24.—At a negro dance on the outskirts of the town Saturday night, Arthur McKee, said to be from Goldsboro, shot and seriously wounded, Ed. Land, the bullet entering in the left breast above the heart, and coming out at the back.

Negro Attacks a Farmer's Daughter Near Newton.

Newton, N. C., Aug. 24.—An unknown negro assaulted the daughter of a Abazi Deal, a respectable farmer near town this morning. The attempt was unsuccessful and the girl escaped from his clutches. The negro's intent is unknown.

Bill Arp Dead. Cartersville, Ga., Aug. 24.—Major Charles H. Smith, widely known by the people as "Bill Arp" died at his home, "The Shadows" late this evening, after an illness of many months, which within the past three weeks had become serious.

RAINED TOADS AT SALT LAKE.

Frogs in Such Numbers as to Practically Block Traffic. Salt Lake City, August 28.—A rain of toad frogs practically blocked traffic here today for half an hour just before noon.

A light rain was falling all the morning. Just before 11:30 o'clock this changed into quite a hard rain, which was accompanied by a large number of toads.

Pedestrians, who did not mind the rain, were more than averse to taking up a collection of frogs, and until the unusual shower ceased the frogs had the highways to themselves.

BELIEVES IN BABIES.

Twenty-Seventh in a Family Named Alice Roosevelt.

Washington, Aug. 24.—A special from Trenton, N. J., says: The twenty-seventh child of William C. Pettifore of this city has been named Alice Roosevelt. Her father admires the strenuous president, who has so much to say against race suicide. Pettifore is fifty-one years old. All of his children have been born within thirty years. There are four pairs of twins. Twenty of the children are living. The eldest is twenty-nine years old. Pettifore is a negro and was born the property of Col. Edward Hendon of Jones county, N. C. He has married twice. He declares he would not feel at home if there was not a baby in the house.

Will Raise Ostriches.

Mexico City, Mexico, Aug. 25.—General Joubert, the famous Boer warrior, will raise ostriches in Mexico. He will bring several pairs from South Africa, where he is already engaged in ostrich farming, and they will be tried in this climate. The ostriches will be taken to the Lopez branch in Tamalipas, a part of which was recently purchased for the colonization of the Boers, and they will be surrounded with all the environments of their own country.

Peas Sprouted in Her Stomach.

Creston, Iowa, August 28.—Sprouting peas in the stomach of a 7 year old daughter of John Ponte, a railroad conductor, today caused her death. She was taken sick two days ago and doctors said she was suffering from dysentery. An autopsy revealed the fact that the child had swallowed peas whole, that they had sprouted and were in her stomach.

Striking Textile Worker's Wife Kills Two of Her Children.

Philadelphia, Aug. 22.—Two children were killed by inhaling illuminating gas today and three other persons are in a hospital in a serious condition from the same cause. The dead children are Clara and Bertha Roder. Their mother and two other children are in a dangerous condition.

Mrs. Roder later said she had attempted to murder her children and committed suicide. She locked herself and children in a room and turned on the gas, but before all were dead the husband reached them. The woman gave as a reason for the attempted murder of her children and herself self destruction that her husband, who is a textile striker, was without money, and that the family who were without food would have been forced to vacate their home today.

Wake Forest, N. C., Aug. 26.—The college opened this morning with 193 students registered.

The Masonic Fair.

A big Masonic Fair is to be held in Raleigh the last of October. It will be held in Nash Square, opposite the Union Depot. The park will be turned into a Japanese village. A corps of decorators are to be put to work at once under the direction of Col. Noble F. Martin, who has been specially engaged by the Masonic Fair Association, to take complete charge of the details of the affair.

See our club offer, THE CAUCASIAN and Pearson's Magazine one year for \$1.25.

SUMMER EXCURSION RATES VIA S. A. R.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell summer excursion tickets to the following summer resorts, tickets sold daily up to including September 30th.

Boston, Mass.	26.25
Providence, R. I.	26.25
New York, N. Y.	21.25
Baltimore, Md.	13.25
Washington, D. C.	13.25
Old Point Comfort, Va.	8.25
Virginia Beach, Va.	2.68
Green View, Va.	6.35
Old Point Comfort, Va.	8.25
Washington, N. C.	6.65
Littletown, N. C.	3.90
Pittsboro, N. C.	2.35
Jackson Springs, N. C.	4.65
Wrightsville, N. C.	7.30
Southern Pines, N. C.	3.55
Harris Lithia Springs, N. C.	11.35
Lancaster, N. C.	6.25
Shelby, N. C.	9.12
Rutherfordton, N. C.	9.75
Chinney Rock, N. C.	12.90
Stanton, Va.	11.95
White Sul. Springs, Va.	14.19
Goshon, Va.	13.90
Afton, Va.	11.70
Asheville, N. C.	10.90
Black Mountain, N. C.	10.35
Hendersonville, N. C.	11.60
Hickory, N. C.	7.80
Taylorsville, N. C.	7.50
Blowing Rock, N. C.	13.00
Lenoir, N. C.	9.00

Tickets are limited to return until October 30th. 1903, and bear a transit limit of fifteen days in each direction and stopover will be allowed within transit limit.

For further information address C. H. Gattis, C. P. & T. A. Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED SEVERAL PERSONS of character and good reputation in each State (one in this county required) to represent and advertise established wealthy business house of solid financial standing Salary \$21.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash direct every Wednesday from head offices. Horse and Carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclosed self-addressed envelope. Colonial, 332 Dearborn St. Chicago

An English Drummer Will Test the Revenue Law.

Washington, N. C., Aug. 22.—One of the fifteen prisoners who escaped two weeks ago was captured this afternoon.

Thomas M. Gardner, an Englishman, went to jail today in preference to paying a fine for violating the revenue law. Gardner sold dress goods and delivered them. He said no license. He wired the English consul at Wilmington for aid. He will test the matter in the courts.

Secretary Root Resigns.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Secretary Root under date of August 25 presented his resignation formally to the President. The resignation was accepted by the President with the understanding that Mr Root continue as Secretary of War at least until January 1st.

Governor General William H. Taft, of the Philippines, will succeed Secretary Root as Secretary of War.

Charged With Assault.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Aug. 26.—Weesley Stevens, colored, aged about fifty years is in jail awaiting trial on the charge of attempting to commit the nameless crime upon Nanette Holmes, an eleven-year-old colored girl.

If you wish to get Pearson's Magazine and THE CAUCASIAN one year for \$1.25 you had better order now.

Pearson's Magazine and THE CAUCASIAN one year for \$1.25 is your order this month.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winstow's SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Special Rates Via The Seaboard Air Line Railway

\$3.30 Raleigh to Jackson Springs, N. C. and return on account of Mid-Summer Meeting Baptist State Convention. Jackson Springs, N. C., June 22nd to 25th inclusive, final return limit July 2nd.

\$9.50 Plus \$1.00 to Baltimore, Md. and return, all rail or via Portsmouth and Bay Line, account of Annual Meeting Grand Lodge B. P. O. Elks, Baltimore, Md. July 14th-20th. Tickets on sale July 15th-19th and 20th with final limit July 25th. This ticket may be extended until July 31st by depositing same with Special Agent and depositing \$1.00.

\$12.00 to Denver, Colo. and return on account of the Annual Convention Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Denver, Colo., July 9-13th 1903. Tickets on sale June 30th to July 9th, 1903 with final return limit August 31st.

\$18.70 to Saratoga Springs, N. C. and return on account of Imperial Council Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Saratoga Springs, N. C. July 7th-10th, 1903. Tickets on sale July 5th and 6th with final limit July 20th.

\$18.80 Plus 25 cents to Detroit, Mich. and return on account of International Convention Epworth League Detroit, Mich., July 16th-19th 1903. Tickets on sale July 14th and 15th with final return limit July 20th. This ticket may be extended until August 15th by depositing ticket with Special Agent and upon payment of fee of 60 cents

Grand Excursion to Norfolk, Va. August 18th, 1903.

Southern Railway will operate its popular Annual Excursion to Norfolk, Va., August 18th, 1903, leaving Charlotte at 6.25 P. M., arriving at Norfolk at 7.30 A. M. August 19; returning leave Norfolk at 7.00 P. M. Aug. 20th, giving two days and one night in Norfolk.

Tickets will be sold from Branch Lines to connection Junction point. Round trip rate from Raleigh \$2.25. Approximately low rate from other points.

For thr information call on your nearest railroad Agent or write.

S. H. Hardwick, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

R. L. Vernon, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

Washington, D. C.

Charlotte, N. C.

Washington, D. C.

Charlotte, N. C.

Washington, D. C.

Charlotte, N. C.

Washington, D. C.

Charlotte, N. C.

Two Men Indicted For Peonage. Montgomery, Ala., July 27.—This afternoon James H. Dodd and Anderson A. Hardy, white citizens of Tallapoosa county, who were indicted by the federal grand jury for peonage, pleaded guilty to all the indictments. There were five indictments against each. Judge Jones accepted the pleas of guilty and fined each of them \$1,000 in one case and action in the other cases was deferred. The Judge ordered that if the fines were not paid they be confined in the jail until they were paid.

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Our money winning books, written by men who know, tell you all about

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They are needed by every man who owns a field and a plow, and who desires to get the most out of them.

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98 Nassau Street, New York

SPECIAL RATES VIA SOUTHERN R. R.

Raleigh to Fayetteville, N. C. and return account Parents' Conference of North Carolina. Tickets on sale July 29 and 30, final limit Aug. 5, 1903. \$4.00.

Raleigh to Hillsboro, N. C. and return account North Carolina Farmers State Alliance. Tickets on sale Aug. 10, 11, 12 \$2.00.

Raleigh to Greensboro, N. C. and return account Encampment North Carolina National Guard. Tickets on sale Aug. 2 to 9, final limit Aug. 17, 1903. \$3.55.

Raleigh to Asheville, N. C. and return account Encampment North Carolina National Guard. Tickets on sale Aug. 15 to 22, final limit Sept. 4, 1903. \$11.35.

Raleigh to Hickory, N. C., and return, account Morgan District Conference A. M. E. Church Sunday School Institute. Tickets on sale July 22 to 26; final limit July 30. \$7.75.

Raleigh to Charlotte, N. C., and return, account Grand Encampment I. O. O. F. Tickets on sale August 10, 11, and 12; final limit August 17. \$7.30.

Raleigh to Charlotte, N. C. and return, account Woman's Mite Missionary Convention. Tickets on sale August 25, 26, 27; \$7.30.

Raleigh to San Francisco, Cal., and return, account national encampment Grand Army of the Republic. Tickets on sale July 31 to August 13 inclusive, final return limit October 15, 1903. \$64.75.

Raleigh to Hot Springs, Ark., and return, account Special Summer Excursion. Tickets on sale every Wednesday and Saturday up to and including September 30, 1903. Final limit 60 days from date of sale. \$30.60.

Raleigh to Monticello, Tenn., and return account Monticello Sunday School Institute. Tickets on sale Aug. 7th to 11th, inclusive; final return limit August 31, 1903. \$18.20.

T. E. Green, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Women as Well as Men

Are Made Miserable by

Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling how to get it. Thousands of testimonials received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

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What this Boy's Mother Says

has been said by the mothers of many other boys and girls, regarding the wonderful curative and strengthening qualities of

Dr. Miles' Nervine

HASTING, NER.

"Our little boy, Harry, had spasms for 3 years and we feared the disease would affect his mind. Though we doctored continually he grew worse and had ten spasms in one week. Our attention was directed to Dr. Miles' Nervine and we began its use. When he had taken the fourth bottle the spasms disappeared and he has not had one for five years. His health now is perfect."

Mrs. B. M. TINDALL.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists on guarantee to benefit or money refunded.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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THE ONLY THROUGH SLEEPING CAR LINE BETWEEN THE SOUTHEAST AND KANSAS CITY

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Short Line to principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City.

Trains leave Raleigh as follows:

No. 34. NORTHBOUND.

1:20 A. M. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" FOR Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

11:15 A. M. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" FOR ALL POINTS FROM Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norfolk to Richmond, connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon with A. C.; at Portsmouth-Norfolk with A. L. Steamers for points North and Northeast.

